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Abstract: *In the digital era of technology nearly every aspect of human life, including how we communicate and learn languages have been affected by devices. The intersection of language and technology has transformed not only the way we speak and write but also how we acquire new languages. This article explores the various ways technology has influenced language and its potential to shape the future of global communication.*

Аннотация: *В цифровую эпоху технологии затронули практически все сферы человеческой жизни, в том числе способ нашего общения и изучения языков. Пересечение языка и технологий преобразовало не только то, как мы говорим и пишем, но и то, как мы осваиваем новые языки. В этой статье исследуются различные способы, которыми технологии повлияли на язык и его потенциал для формирования будущего глобальной коммуникации.*

INTRODUCTION:

One of the most important developments in language education is the rise of language learning apps and online platforms like Duolingo, Babbel, and Memrise. These tools provide users with interactive lessons across various languages, enabling learners to practice vocabulary, grammar, and pronunciation at their own speed. The convenience of these platforms means that language learning is no longer limited to traditional classrooms; it's accessible to anyone with an internet connection. Technology has also brought about personalized learning experiences.

Artificial intelligence (AI) plays a key role in tailoring lessons to fit each learner's unique pace, strengths, and weaknesses. These platforms can track users' progress, suggest areas for improvement, and modify the difficulty of tasks, resulting in a more effective and engaging learning experience.

Machine translation has revolutionized global communication, making it more accessible than ever. Tools such as Google Translate allow users to quickly translate text, speech, and even images across various languages. Although these tools aren't flawless and can struggle with subtle meanings, they are incredibly helpful for travelers, students, and businesses that require fast translations.

Additionally, advancements in natural language processing (NLP) have led to the development of more advanced AI communication tools. Voice assistants like Siri, Alexa, and Google Assistant can now comprehend and respond to human

language, allowing for a more intuitive interaction with technology. These AI systems have progressed from simple command recognition to more complex conversational skills, enhancing both their functionality and the overall user

experience.

As technology progresses, the future offers even more opportunities for language learning and communication. Virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) are innovative technologies that have the potential to transform language education. Picture being able to immerse yourself in a foreign setting without stepping outside—practicing conversations with virtual native speakers, exploring international cities, and participating in interactive language activities. This type of immersion can speed up learning and provide practical experience in a safe and controlled setting. AI-driven language models will also keep advancing, improving machine translation, speech recognition, and language generation. We are already seeing AI applied in complex language tasks, from creating text that resembles human dialogue to enabling real-time translation during video calls. As these technologies develop, they will likely bridge the gap between human and machine language processing.

CONCLUSION

The relationship between language and technology is constantly changing. Technology has made language learning more accessible and transformed how we communicate worldwide. With AI-driven language learning apps and machine translation tools, the opportunities are immense. Looking ahead, it's evident that technology will keep influencing how we learn and use languages, helping to break down barriers and promote cross-cultural communication. However, as we embrace these innovations, we must remember the significance of human connection and cultural context in language use.

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