



NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF UZBEKISTAN NAMED AFTER

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*“Priority directions for ensuring the economic security of the country”*

**Abstrakt:** *This article analyzes the directions of economic security. In order to ensure economic security, economic security indicators must be within the established limits. The analysis was based on international experience. In international experience, the two largest economies in the world, the United States and the Russian Federation, have considered models for economic security.*

**Keywords:** *Economic Security, Investment Projects, Food Security, Demographic Security, Financial Security, Information Security, Macroeconomic Compliance, Economic Security Indicators.*

Economic security is directly related to the security of the country, and ensuring the security of the country without ensuring economic security is a complex issue. Economic security is an important component of national security, and ensuring economic security in the country is one of the most pressing problems. The concept of economic security is becoming more prevalent in the global economy, and countries view economic security as a very important issue. Because today, as a result of the development of science in many areas, great achievements are being achieved and new inventions are being made. Of course, the progress of science brings great benefits to society, and the well-being of people grows. At the same time, of course, this trend has its drawbacks and consequences. As science advances, people face new challenges in health, nutrition, and other areas of human life. Immediate security in these areas is one of the components of economic security. In general, without ensuring economic security today, sustainable economic development of the country and improving the well-being of the population can be a difficult task. Therefore, today economic security is the most important issue at the international level.

For example, Ekaterina Grigorieva and Lilia Garifova theoretically covered the issues of economic security in their journal article “The economic security of the state: the institutional aspect” in the journal “Procedia Economics and Finance”. The article notes the following: In recent years, the problem of economic security has been characterized by new aspects of its theoretical content. The trends that determine the institutional security of economic modernization are an important part of economic security. Topical issues of economic security, prevention of new threats and scientific substantiation of threats to economic security and sustainable development of regions are highlighted. Currently, new conceptual studies are carried out by organizations, government and business sectors, whose approaches to the formation of methods and mechanisms for protecting the economic interests of the state, regions, enterprises and other countries are reflected in the strategy of socioeconomic development. The multifaceted and interdependent nature of the changes taking place in the modern socio-economic system necessitates the formation and implementation of an institutional approach to solving complex economic problems.



In modern conditions, the process of economic reforms is actively reflected in the need to ensure the vital interests of society, balance the economy, rapid socioeconomic development and the urgency of the problem of economic security and, accordingly, measures to institutionalize it. mentioned separately.

The article examines the main factors of economic security and its institutional contradictions, the emergence of new threats associated with the cyclical nature of the economy, which reflects the institutional features of the economic security of the state in conditions of instability and economic situation. The analysis of the problems of economic security of Russia and the degree of its stability, as well as a comparative analysis of the economic security of Russia at the international level.

The article discusses the internal control instruments and the main management factors in the implementation of economic control, the safety of research projects and the definition of the economic security of a research project. Factors such as reliability, likelihood, adequacy, efficiency and competitiveness have been proposed as integral indicators of the economic security of a research project. Principles of Computation The upper bounds of a research project on economic security are discussed. The study outline describes the process of determining the economic security of a project.

The economic security of the project is the reliability, predictability, relevance, efficiency and competitiveness of the project, which are the values of the key factors in project management. This is very important for potential clients because research is usually funded from the state budget or trust funds, scientists say. Vadim Kankhva and Dmitry Silka in the journal "Procedia Engineering" entitled "Formation of the mechanism of facilitating and enhancing of economic security of investment projects in construction of underground facilities" present an algorithm for the process of increasing and simplifying the economic security of investments. The relationship between underground construction projects and management functions is discussed. Mechanisms are presented and the process of management and resource allocation in a two-tier organizational system is theoretically considered, for example, increasing and improving the economic security of investment projects.

In the scientific literature and textbooks, there are different interpretations of the concept of "economic security". A group of scientists defines this concept as the state of the economy and government institutions capable of guaranteeing an adequate defense potential of the country, the social orientation of state policy and the protection of national interests.

Another group of scientists interprets the concept under study as the ability and readiness of state institutions to create mechanisms for economic development, protection and implementation of national interests, and socio-political stability of society. According to A. Isakhodzhaev and A. Rasulev, economic security is not only the protection of national interests, but also the creation of a mechanism for the implementation and protection of national interests of state institutions, public associations, the private sector, social and political stability of society. Readiness and ability to mine.



Famous Russian scientist, academician L. Abalkin identified three main elements of the concept of "economic security". These are economic independence, stability of the national economy, the country's ability to develop and prosper independently.

The criterion for economic security is the assessment of the economic situation from the point of view of important processes that reflect the essence of economic security. In the current era of globalization, it is practically impossible to carry out these actions in the development of general economic processes in the country without knowing the essence of economic security and, of course, its true purpose. Therefore, the main goal of ensuring economic security is an important area of the national security system, which includes ensuring the country's defense capability, maintaining social stability in society, and protecting against environmental disasters.

Of course, in the current era of globalization and at a time when the world economy is at its peak, each country must change its strategies for economic security in order to achieve high economic growth based on its own conditions. They pay a lot of attention to development. Sustainable development in the country can be achieved on the basis of achieving economic security. At a time when the digital economy is booming and science is at its peak, it is important to prevent emerging economic risks and mitigate the negative impact of these risks on the country's economy. With the advent of economic risks, the concept of economic security has become more widespread. In recent years, this concept has been widely used in the world economy. Because as the economy grows, economic risks also grow. It is of course very important to avoid these risks. Because economic security can be directly compared to the security of people. Economic security is an important component of national security, its material basis and began to take shape at a time when statehood was being formed as an economic category and society was aware of its interests.

Economic security means guaranteed protection of the country's national interests, the social orientation of the country's economic development, the adequacy of its defense capability even in the most unfavorable conditions for the development of internal and external processes.

The state of the country's economic security is assessed using a system of criteria and indicators. These criteria and indicators determine the dangerous limits of the functioning of the economic system. The weakening of economic security in the country can be tolerated within certain limits. For economic security, it is not the indicators themselves that are important, but their limits. Failure to comply with these restrictions will impede the sustainable development of various elements of reproduction. Economic security in the countries of the world can be further strengthened by taking into account national interests. National economic security is a state of guaranteed protection of the national interests of the economy and institutions of power, the social orientation of the country's development, and the provision of sufficient economic and defense potential.

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