

O'ZBEKISTON VA GERMANIYANING QADIMGI SHAHARLARI

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Annotatsiya: *Ushbu maqolada Germaniya va O'zbekistonning mashhur shaharlari va urf-odatları haqida ma'lumot berilgan.*

Annotation: This article provides information about the famous cities and customs of Germany and Uzbekistan.

Keywords: Germany, Deutschland, Berlin, Munich and Hamburg.

Kalit so'zlar: Olmoniya, Deutschland, Berlin, Myunxen va Gamburg.

Аннотация: в этой статье представлена информация об известных городах и традициях Германии и Узбекистана.

Ключевые слова: Германия, Берлин, Мюнхен и Гамбург.

Germaniya yoki Olmoniya (nemischa: Deutschland), Germaniya Federativ Respublikasi (nemischa: Bundesrepublik Deutschland) — Markaziy Yevropadagi davlat. Shimoliy Boltiq dengizlari sohilida joylashadi. Maydoni 357 098 ming km². Aholisi 84,091,211 kishi (2023-yilga ko'ra).[1] Poytaxti — Berlin shahri. Ma'muriy jihatdan 16 yer (shtat) ga, yerlar okruglarga, okruglar tumanlarga, tumanlar jamoalarga bo'linadi.

O'zbekiston Germaniyani o'zining ishonchli va strategik hamkori sifatida qabul qiladi. Mamlakatlarimizni chuqur tarixiy ildizlar bog'lab turadi. Keyingi yillarda ikki tomonlama munosabatlar barcha yo'nalishlarda jadal rivojlanib borayotir. Buni ikki mamlakat o'rtasida o'zaro tovar ayirboshlash hajmi so'nggi 5 yil ichida ikki baravar oshganligida ko'rish mumkin. Birgina 2022 yil yakuniga ko'ra, ikki tomonlama savdo ko'rsatkichlari yana 50 foizga ko'paydi va birinchi marta 1 milliard yevrodan oshdi. Sarmoyaviy hamkorlik va sanoat kooperatsiyasida ham izchil dinamika kuzatilmoqda. O'zbekistonda Germaniya kapitali ishtirokida tashkil etilgan korxonalar soni bir necha yil ichida qariyb 3 barobar ko'payib, 200 tadan oshdi. 2017 yildan beri o'zlashtirilgan nemis investitsiyalarining umumiy miqdori 11 barobar o'sgan va bugungi kunda 4 milliard yevrodan ortiqni tashkil etmoqda.

Yevropada o'zining uzoq tarixi va madaniy xilma-xilligi bilan mashhur bo'lgan qudratli davlat Germaniya innovatsiyalar, meros va tabiiy go'zallikning ajoyib uyg'unligini taklif etadi. Germaniyada 83 million aholi istiqomat qiladi va uning Berlin, Myunxen va Gamburg kabi jonli shaharlari meros va innovatsiyalarning uyg'unligini namoyish etadi. Germaniyaning texnologik, muhandislik va avtomobilsozlik imkoniyatlari uning iqtisodiy ta'sirini ko'rsatadi. Germaniya, o'zining mashhur diqqatga sazovor joylari, nemis oshxonasi, mehmondo'st odamlari va Oktoberfest kabi bayramlari bilan mashhur, mashhur sayyohlik maskani.

Germaniya rang-barang, qiziqarli va hayratlanarli mamlakat, hatto u erda uzoq vaqt yashaganlar uchun ham. Sport, tarix, til, musiqa, oziq-ovqat, nemis madaniy merosi va texnologiyasi kabi narsalarni o'rganish uchun ko'p narsa bor. Xo'sh, Germaniya haqida qanday qiziqarli faktlar bor? Millatni yaxshiroq tushunish uchun bir nechta qiziqarli faktlarni bilib olaylik.

1. Berlin (nemischa talaffuzi: [bɛʁˈliːn])[3] Germaniya poytaxti va eng yirik shahridir. Federal ma'muriy birlik — Yerga tenglashtirilgan. Bu shahar Shpre daryosi Xafel daryosiga quyiladigan yerda, Shimoliy va Boltiq dengizlariga chiqiladigan kanallar bo'yida joylashgan. Maydoni — 891.7 km². Shaharning g'arbi va sharqida ko'l ko'p.

2. Germaniyada 1,000 xil kolbasa mavjud 1,000 ga yaqin turli xil kolbasa bilan Germaniya hayratlanarli tanlovga ega. Bu kolbasalar xalqning turli mintaqaviy taomlari va boy oshpazlik tarixini namoyish etadi. Har bir tur o'ziga xos lazzat va urf-odatlarini aks ettiradi, mashhur bratwurstdan tortib, kurrivurst va weisswurst kabi kamroq mashhur lazzatlarga qadar. Ushbu keng kolbasa menyusi Germaniyaning pazandachilik innovatsiyalariga bo'lgan muhabbatini aks ettiradi.

3. Myuller - Germaniyada eng keng tarqalgan familiyadir. Myuller Germaniyada eng keng tarqalgan familiya sifatida ajralib turadi. Tegirmonchi kasbidan olingan bu nom nemis madaniyatida frezalashning tarixiy ahamiyatini yodga oladi. Myuller familiyasining ustunligi mamlakatning qishloq xo'jaligi va sanoat kelib chiqishiga e'tiborni tortadi. Keng tarqalgan bo'lishiga qaramay, u mamlakatning madaniy va ajdodlar xilma-xilligini namoyish etishda davom etmoqda.

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